



Select November Ballot Measures
(last updated November 19, 2020)

State	Title	Description/Ballot Question	Status
Alaska	Ballot Measure #1 (19OGTX) Alaska's Fair Share Act	Would change the oil and gas production tax for areas of the North Slope where a company produced more than 40,000 barrels of oil per day in the prior year and more than 400 million barrels total.	Failed Yes: 42.16% No: 57.84% Precincts reporting: 100% Source: Ballotpedia https://www.elections.alaska.gov/results/20G ENR/index.php
Arizona	Proposition 207	The law would allow limited marijuana possession, use, and cultivation by adults 21 or older; amend criminal penalties for marijuana possession; ban smoking marijuana in public; impose a 16% excise tax on marijuana sales to fund public programs; authorize state/local regulation of marijuana licensees; and allow expungement of marijuana offenses. Additional Resources: Press Release Ballot Measure Certification and Text Proposition 207 – Sample Ballot/Ballot Format	Passed Yes: 60.03% No: 39.97% https://azsos.gov/elections
Arkansas	Issue No. 1	An Amendment to the Arkansas Constitution to continue a levy of a one-half percent sales and use tax for state highways and bridges; county roads, bridges, and other surface transportation; and city streets, bridges, and other surface transportation after the retirement of the bonds authorized in Arkansas Constitution, Amendment 91, as special revenue to be distributed under the Arkansas Highway Revenue Distribution Law.	Passed Yes: 55.28% No: 44.72% https://www.sos.arkansas.gov/elections/research/election-results

		<p>Additional Resources: Issue No. 1 Home Page</p>	
<p>California</p>	<p>Proposition 15</p>	<p>Increases funding sources for K–12 public schools, community colleges, and local governments by requiring commercial and industrial real property be taxed based on current market value, instead of purchase price.</p> <p>Additional Resources: Voter Information Guide Official Title and Summary Analysis Text of Proposed Law</p>	<p>Failed</p> <p>Yes: 48.1% No: 51.9%</p> <p>100% precincts reporting</p> <p>https://electionresults.sos.ca.gov/contests/maps/ballot-measures</p> <p>https://electionresults.sos.ca.gov/returns/maps/ballot-measures/prop/15</p>
<p>California – San Francisco</p>	<p>Proposition F - Business Tax Overhaul</p>	<p>Shall the City eliminate the payroll expense tax; permanently increase the registration fee for some businesses by \$230-460, decreasing it for others; permanently increase gross receipts tax rates to 0.105-1.040%, exempting more small businesses; permanently increase the administrative office tax rate to 1.61%; if the City loses certain lawsuits, increase gross receipts tax rates on some businesses by 0.175-0.690% and the administrative office tax rate by 1.5%, and place a new 1% or 3.5% tax on gross receipts from commercial leases, for 20 years; and make other business tax changes; for estimated annual revenue of \$97 million?</p> <p>Additional Resources: November 3, 2020 Ballot Questions Legal Text Legislative Digest Controller Analysis</p>	<p>Passed</p> <p>Yes: 67.49% No: 32.51%</p> <p>https://sfelections.sfgov.org/november-3-2020-election-results-summary</p>
<p>California – San Francisco</p>	<p>Proposition I – Real Estate Transfer Tax</p>	<p>Shall the City permanently increase the transfer tax rate on sales and leases of 35 years or more of real estate, to 5.50% on those transactions of \$10 million to \$25 million, and</p>	<p>Passed</p> <p>Yes: 57.55% No: 42.45%</p>

		<p>to 6.00% on those transactions of \$25 million or more, for an estimated average revenue of \$196 million a year?</p> <p>Additional Resources: November 3, 2020 Ballot Questions Legal Text Controller Analysis</p>	<p>https://sfelections.sfgov.org/november-3-2020-election-results-summary</p>
<p>California – San Francisco</p>	<p>Proposition J - Parcel Tax for San Francisco Unified School District</p>	<p>Shall the City replace its 2018 Parcel Tax for the San Francisco Unified School District with a new tax that changes the annual tax rate from \$320 per parcel to \$288 per parcel, adjusted for inflation each year, and with an exemption for people age 65 or older, until June 30, 2038, for an estimated revenue of \$48.1 million a year?</p> <p>Additional Resources: November 3, 2020 Ballot Questions Legal Text Controller Analysis</p>	<p>Passed Yes: 74.44% No: 25.56%</p> <p>https://sfelections.sfgov.org/november-3-2020-election-results-summary</p>
<p>California – San Francisco</p>	<p>Proposition L - Business Tax Based on Comparison of Top Executive's Pay to Employees' Pay</p>	<p>Shall the City place an additional tax permanently on some businesses in San Francisco when their highest-paid managerial employee earns more than 100 times the median compensation paid to their employees in San Francisco, where the additional tax rate would be between 0.1%-0.6% of gross receipts or between 0.4%-2.4% of payroll expense for those businesses in San Francisco, for an estimated revenue of between \$60-140 million a year?</p> <p>Additional Resources: November 3, 2020 Ballot Questions; Legal Text Legislative Digest Controller Analysis</p>	<p>Passed Yes: 65.06% No: 34.94%</p> <p>https://sfelections.sfgov.org/november-3-2020-election-results-summary</p>
<p>California – San Francisco</p>	<p>Proposition RR - Caltrain Sales Tax</p>	<p>To preserve Caltrain service and support regional economic recovery, prevent traffic congestion, make Caltrain more affordable and accessible, reduce air pollution with cleaner and quieter electric trains, make travel times faster, and increase Caltrain frequency and</p>	<p>Passed Yes: 73.37% No: 26.63%</p> <p>https://sfelections.sfgov.org/november-3-</p>

		<p>capacity between Santa Clara, San Mateo and San Francisco counties, shall the Peninsula Corridor Joint Powers Board's resolution levying a 30-year one-eighth cent sales tax with oversight and audits, providing approximately \$100 million annually for Caltrain that the State cannot take away, be adopted?</p> <p>Additional Resources: Legal Text Ballot Question</p>	2020-election-results-summary
Colorado	Proposition 116	<p>Would reduce the state income tax rate from 4.63% to 4.55%.</p> <p>Additional Resources: Fiscal impact Statement 2020 State Ballot Information Booklet</p>	<p>Passed Yes: 57.81% No: 42.19%</p> <p>https://www.sos.state.co.us/pubs/elections/main.html</p>
Colorado	Proposition EE	<p>Would increase state taxes on cigarettes and other tobacco products and creates a tax on nicotine products.</p> <p>Additional Resources: Fiscal impact Statement 2020 State Ballot Information Booklet</p>	<p>Passed Yes: 67.58% No: 32.42%</p> <p>https://www.sos.state.co.us/pubs/elections/main.html</p>
Colorado	Amendment B - Repeal Gallagher Amendment	<p>Without increasing property tax rates, to help preserve funding for local districts that provide fire protection, police, ambulance, hospital, kindergarten through twelfth grade education, and other services, and to avoid automatic mill levy increases, shall there be an amendment to the Colorado constitution to repeal the requirement that the general assembly periodically change the residential assessment rate in order to maintain the statewide proportion of residential property as compared to all other taxable property valued for property tax purposes and repeal the nonresidential property tax assessment rate of twenty-nine percent?</p> <p>Additional Resources: Fiscal impact Statement</p>	<p>Passed Yes: 57.50% No: 42.50%</p> <p>https://www.sos.state.co.us/pubs/elections/main.html</p>

		2020 State Ballot Information Booklet	
Colorado - Denver	Ballot Measure 2A	<p>Shall city and county of Denver sales and use taxes be increased by \$40 million annually, commencing January 1, 2021, and by whatever additional amounts are raised annually thereafter, from a twenty-five one-hundredths of one percent (0.25%) sales and use tax rate (2.5 cents on a ten-dollar purchase), with exemptions for food, water, fuel, medical supplies, and feminine hygiene products, to be used to fund programs to eliminate greenhouse gas emissions and air pollution, and adapt to climate change...[see ballot below for full question]</p> <p>Additional Resources: Ballot Information Booklet Official General Election Ballot</p>	<p>Passed Yes: 62.34% No: 37.66%</p> <p>https://www.denvergov.org/content/denvergov/en.html</p>
Colorado - Denver	Ballot Measure 2B	<p>Shall city and county of Denver sales and use taxes be increased by \$40 million annually, commencing January 1, 2021, and by whatever additional amounts are raised annually thereafter, from a twenty-five one-hundredths of one percent (0.25%) sales and use tax rate (2.5 cents on a ten-dollar purchase), that will not be collected on food for home consumption, water, fuel, medical supplies or feminine hygiene products, to be used to fund housing, shelter or services for people experiencing homelessness ...[see ballot below for full question]</p> <p>Additional Resources: Press Release Ballot Information Booklet Official General Election Ballot</p>	<p>Passed Yes: 62.81% No: 37.19%</p> <p>https://www.denvergov.org/content/denvergov/en.html</p>
Georgia	Amendment 1	<p>Shall the Constitution of Georgia be amended so as to authorize the General Assembly to dedicate revenues derived from fees or taxes to the public purpose for which such fees or taxes were intended?</p> <p>Additional Resources:</p>	<p>Passed Yes: 81.63% No: 18.37%</p> <p>https://sos.ga.gov/index.php/Elections/current_and_past_elections_results</p>

		2020 Proposed Constitutional Amendments and Statewide Referendum Questions	
Illinois	Proposed Amendment to the 1970 Illinois Constitution	The proposed amendment grants the State authority to impose higher income tax rates on higher income levels, which is how the federal government and a majority of other states do it. The amendment would remove the portion of the Revenue Article of the Illinois Constitution that is sometimes referred to as the “flat tax,” that requires all taxes on income to be at the same rate. The amendment does not itself change tax rates. It gives the State the ability to impose higher tax rates on those with higher income levels and lower income tax rates on those with middle or lower income levels. You are asked to decide whether the proposed amendment should become a part of the Illinois Constitution.	Failed Yes: 45.46% No: 54.54% Precincts reporting: 99% Source: Ballotpedia
Louisiana	Amendment 2	Do you support an amendment to permit the presence or production of oil or gas to be included in the methodology used to determine the fair market value of an oil or gas well for the purpose of property assessment? Additional Resources: Summary of the proposed constitutional amendment 2020 Proposed Constitutional Amendments	Passed Yes: 58% No: 42% https://www.sos.la.gov/ElectionsAndVoting/GetElectionInformation/FindResultsAndStatistics/Pages/default.aspx
Louisiana	Amendment 7	Do you support an amendment to create the Louisiana Unclaimed Property Permanent Trust Fund to preserve the money that remains unclaimed by its owner or owners? Additional Resources: Summary of the proposed constitutional amendment 2020 Proposed Constitutional Amendments	Passed Yes: 64% No: 36% https://www.sos.la.gov/ElectionsAndVoting/GetElectionInformation/FindResultsAndStatistics/Pages/default.aspx
Mississippi	Initiative Measure # 65	Initiative Measure No. 65 proposes to amend the Mississippi Constitution to allow qualified	Passed Initiative Measure No. 65

	<p>Initiative Measure # 65A</p>	<p>patients with debilitating medical conditions, as certified by Mississippi licensed physicians, to use medical marijuana. This amendment would allow medical marijuana to be provided only by licenses treatment centers. The Mississippi State Department of Health would regulate and enforce the provisions of this amendment.</p> <p>This constitutional amendment (Initiative Measure No. 65A) is proposed as a legislative alternative measure to Initiative No. 65 and would establish a program to allow the medical use of marijuana products by qualified person with debilitating medical conditions.</p> <p>Additional Resources: Initiative Brochure</p>	<p>Yes: 68.25% No: 31.75%</p> <p>Precincts reporting: 99% Source: Ballotpedia</p>
<p>Montana</p>	<p>Initiative No. 190 (I-190)</p>	<p>I-190 legalizes the possession and use of limited amounts of marijuana for adults over the age of 21. I-190 requires the Department of Revenue to license and regulate the cultivation, transportation, and sale of marijuana and marijuana-infused products and to inspect premises where marijuana is cultivated and sold. It requires licensed laboratories to test marijuana and marijuana-infused products for potency and contaminants. I-190 establishes a 20% tax on non-medical marijuana. 10.5% of the tax revenue goes to the state general fund, with the rest dedicated to accounts for conservation programs, substance abuse treatment, veterans’ services, healthcare costs, and localities where marijuana is sold. I-190 allows a person currently serving a sentence for an act permitted by I-190 to apply for resentencing or an expungement of the conviction. I-190 prohibits advertising of marijuana and related products.</p> <p>Additional Resources: 2020 Voter Information Pamphlet Fiscal Note Ballot Language</p>	<p>Passed Yes: 57% No: 43%</p> <p>https://electionresults.mt.gov/resultsSW.aspx?type=BQ&map=CTY</p>

<p>New Jersey</p>	<p>Public Question No. 1: Legalize Marijuana</p>	<p>Do you approve amending the Constitution to legalize a controlled form of marijuana called “cannabis”? Only adults at least 21 years of age could use cannabis. The State commission created to oversee the State’s medical cannabis program would also oversee the new, personal use cannabis market. Cannabis products would be subject to the State sales tax. If authorized by the Legislature, a municipality may pass a local ordinance to charge a local tax on cannabis products.</p>	<p>Passed Yes: 66.92% No: 33.08%</p> <p>Precincts reporting: 90% Source: Ballotpedia</p> <p><i>See also:</i> New Jersey Office of the Attorney General, Interim Guidance on Constitutional Amendment Legalizing Cannabis (November 4, 2020)</p>
<p>Oregon</p>	<p>Measure 108</p>	<p>Would increase cigarette and cigar taxes. Establishes tax on e-cigarettes and nicotine vaping devices. Funds health programs.</p>	<p>Passed Yes: 66.38% No: 33.62%</p> <p>https://results.oregonvotes.gov/</p>
<p>Oregon - Portland area voters</p>	<p>Measure 26-218</p>	<p>The proposed transportation funding measure would be funded by a proposed tax on certain employers within the Metro District. If the proposed measure passes, these employers would pay up to 0.75% of their payroll in the district. The Metro Council may set a lower rate.</p> <p>Additional Resources: Fact Sheet</p>	<p>Failed Yes: 42.22% No: 57.78%</p> <p>https://results.oregonvotes.gov/resultsSW.aspx?type=MCR&map=CTY</p>
<p>South Dakota</p>	<p>Constitutional Amendment A</p>	<p>An amendment to the South Dakota Constitution to legalize, regulate, and tax marijuana; and to require the Legislature to pass laws regarding hemp as well as laws ensuring access to marijuana for medical use.</p> <p>Additional Resources: Fiscal Note Press Release 2020 Ballot Question Pamphlet</p>	<p>Passed Yes: 54% No: 46%</p> <p>http://electionresults.sd.gov/resultsSW.aspx?type=BQ&map=CTY</p>
<p>Washington - Seattle</p>	<p>Proposition No. 1</p>		<p>Passed: Yes: 80.36 %</p>

		<p>The City of Seattle's Proposition 1 concerns funding for transit and related transportation needs in Seattle.</p> <p>If approved, this proposition authorizes up to 0.15% sales and use tax expiring April 1, 2027, and as proposed in Ordinance 126115, to replace the current voter-approved 0.1% sales tax, expiring December 31, 2020.</p> <p>Revenues are dedicated to: transit services benefitting Seattle residents, including frequent transit network maintenance and associated capital improvements; low-income fare programs for Seattle seniors, students, workers, and residents; and transportation needs related to COVID-19 recovery and the West Seattle Bridge closure.</p>	<p>No: 19.64 %</p> <p>https://cd.kingcounty.gov/en/elections/results</p> <p>https://cdb.kingcounty.gov/results.pdf</p>
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